How common is life-threatening fungal disease and sepsis?

David Denning Prof of Infectious Diseases in Global Health The University of Manchester Global Action Fund for Fungal Infections





Deaths from fungal infections

Fungal Infection	TB (2018)	Malaria (2017)
>1,660,000	1,450,000 (251,000 ↓ with HIV)	435,000 ↓↓



Fungal infections in hospitalised and critically ill patients - 2015

Fungal infection	Annual burden	Case fatality rate if treated	Estimated deaths
Invasive candidiasis	>750,000	~45% mortality in HIC	>350,000
Invasive aspergillosis	>250,000	~50% mortality in HIC	>125,000
Pneumocystis pneumonia	>100,000	~50% non-AIDS, in HIC	>50,000
Total	>1.1 million		>425,000

Rate of candidaemia by country

		The second second			
Country (Reference)	Burden	Rate/100,000	Comments		
Brazil [52]	28,991	14.9	No local incidence data		
Pakistan [53]	38,795	21	1.6 per 100,000 + 50% of candida peritonitis		
Qatar [54]	288	15.4	15.4 per 100,000 from previous studies		
Thailand [55]	8650	13.3	94% of non-neutropenic patients with fungaemia + 4.5% of neutropenic patients		
Hungary [56]	1110	11	3–10 per 100,000 from previous studies + 780 cases in chronic ambulatory peritoneal dialysis		
Israel [57]	664	11	Incidence rate obtained from a nationwide surveillance between 2005 and 2007 and adjusted to the number of ICU		
annual incidence. ^{TT} ^U ^U ^V ^G ^K ^F ^A ^{TT} ^U ^V ^C ^K ^K ^K ^K ^K ^K ^K ^K					
C IN Brazil - A Si	15/100),000 = 3	1,300 cases		
Portugal [91] Philippines [93]	231 1968	2.2 2	Data from Portuguese multicentre survey [92] 2 per 100,000 + 50% candida peritonitis		
MANCHESTER Bongomin et al, J Fungi 2017;3:57					

Translating candidaemia numbers into invasive candidiasis numbers

The pooled blood culture positivity rate in patients with IC was 0.38 (95%CI: 0.29 to 0.46)

Avni et al. J Clin Microbiol 2011;49:665; Nguyen et al. Clin Infect Dis 2012:54:1240

NIHR Manchester Biomedical Research Centre

Rate of candidaemia by country

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Country (Reference)
                     Burden
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Brazil [52]
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                                           No local incidence data
                     28,991
Pakistan [53]
                     38,795
                                           1.6 per 100,000 + 50% of candida peritonitis
                               21
  If 5 cases of candidaemia per 100,000, then 385,000
                                                                                    of
  annual incidence.
  But rate in India + Pakistan >20/100,000, so ~294,000
                                                                                    U
Is
  alone
                                                                                   ort
      in Brazil - 15/100,000 = 31,300 cases
  And blood culture only 40% sensitive for invasive
  candidiasis,
  so global annual incidence >1 million cases
                                           Data from Portuguese multicentre survey [92]
Portugal [91]
                     231
                               2.2
Philippines [93]
                                           2 per 100,000 + 50% candida peritonitis
                     1968
                               2
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                                                        Bongomin et al, J Fungi 2017;3:57
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Open Forum Infectious Diseases

Impact of Initial Antifungal Therapy on the Outcome of Patients With Candidemia and Septic Shock Admitted to Medical Wards: A Propensity Score–Adjusted Analysis

Marco Falcone,¹ Tiseo Giusy,¹ Belen Gutiérrez-Gutiérrez,² Raponi Giammarco,³ Carfagna Paolo,⁴ Rosin Chiara,⁵ Luzzati Roberto,⁵ Delle Rose Diego,⁶ Andreoni Massimo,⁶ Farcomeni Alessio,³ Venditti Mario,³ Jesus Rodríguez-Baño,² and Francesco Menichetti¹; for GISA (Italian Group for Antimicrobial Stewardship)





Falcone M et al, Open Forum Infect Dis 2019;6:ofz251

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Falcone M et al, Open Forum Infect Dis 2019;6:ofz251

Risk groups and frequencies of invasive aspergillosis - different test performances



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Where in the hospital does invasive aspergillosis occur? Rennes, France





Cornillet et al, Clin Infect Dis 2006;43:577

The global impact of *Aspergillus* infection on COPD

Emily E. Hammond^{1†}, Charles S. McDonald^{1†}, Jørgen Vestbo^{2,3} and David W. Denning^{2,4*}

Table 1 A summary of the data in Table 1, by continent and an overall global estimate of COPD prevalence, hospitalisation rate, IA prevalence in COPD and associated mortality

Region	Population size [16] 1,197,415,000	COPD population GOLD stages II-N n (% of population) 64,298,051 (5.37)	COPD annual hospitalisation rate [18] 10.5% of COPD population 6,751,295	IA annual rate [10, 20] 1.30–3.90% of COPD hospitalisation rate		IA mortality rate [10, 20] n (% of IA cases)		IA annual incidence per 100,000 population
Africa				87,767	1.3%	62,929	71.7%	7.3
				271,877	3.9%	115,996	43.0%	22.7
America 1,001,386,000	85,278,783 (8.52)	8,954,272	116,406	1.3%	83,463	71.7%	11.6	
			349,217	3.9%	150,163	43.0%	34.9	
Asia	4,476,519,000	339,206,893 (8.58)	35,616,724	462,894	1.3%	331,895	71.7%	10.3
				1,389,052	3.9%	597,292	43.0%	31.0
Europe	765,958, <mark>00</mark> 0	59,484,329 (7.77)	6,245,855	81,196	1.3%	58,218	71.7%	10.6
				247,744	3.9%	106,530	43.0%	32.3
Oceania	37,131,000	4,032,543 (10.86)	423,417	5504	1.3%	3947	71.7%	14.8
				16,513	3.9%	7101	43.0%	44.5
Globally	7,478,409,000	552,300,599 (7.39)	57,991,563	753,073	1.3%	540,451	71.7%	10.0
				2,272,322	3.9%	977,082	43.0%	30.40



Hammond EE, McDonald CS, BMC Resp Med 2020;20:241



Invasive aspergillosis in COPD

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

MYCOLOGY

Invasive pulmonary aspergillosis in patients with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease: a case control study from China

H. Xu¹, L. Li¹, W.-J. Huang¹, L.-X. Wang², W.-F. Li¹ and W.-F. Yuan¹

1) Respiratory Medicine and 2) Clinical Laboratory, Guangzhou General Hospital of Guangzhou Military Command, Guangzhou, China

58 of the 298 COPD admissions with a lower respiratory tract sample processed grew *Aspergillus* spp.

39 (3.9%) had probable IA.

Only 13% had oral corticosteroids 43% died

Xu H et al. Clin Microbiol Infect 2012;18:403.

www.GAFFI.org



New estimate of COPD, admissions to hospital and IA

551,800,000 patients with COPD GOLD stage II-IV 57,938,000 admissions to hospital (10.5% annually)

760,000 IA cases in COPD at a 1.3% rate (Spain) 2,272,000 IA cases in COPD at a 3.9% rate (China)

545,000 – 976,000 deaths predicted annually (43-71%)



Fungal disease of the lungs in outside the hospital

Fungal infection	Annual burden	Annual case fatality rate	Estimated deaths
Chronic pulmonary aspergillosis	>3,000,000	~15% mortality in developed world	>450,000

www.GAFFI.org/Roadmap



Fungal disease of the lungs in outside the hospital 'Fungal asthma'

Fungal infection	Annual burden	Annual case fatality rate	Estimated deaths		
Chronic pulmonary aspergillosis	>3,000,000	~15% mortality in developed world	>450,000		
SAFS	>6,500,000	<1% but no good figures	350,000 - 489,000 asthma deaths - ~50% SAFS related		
ABPA (asthma)	>4,837,000	<1%	<10,000		
ABPA & Aspergillus bronchitis (cystic firbosis)	>19,000	<1%	<100		
Total	>14 million		>700,000		
~200 million adult asthmatics Fungal asthma in children – 2% of 100 million					

www.GAFFI.org/Roadmap

MILLIONS DIE NEEDLESSLY DUE TO FUNGAL DISEASE





C

13 million

people at risk of fatal fungal infection worldwide, daily

Diagnosi



Over 2 million

fungal related deaths annually. 5th biggest cause of death

Treatment



~50% of HIV deaths are due to fungal infections. So do many with TB, cancer, leukemia, COPD and in ICUs

1.3 million Deaths averted from fungal disease



GAFFI's vision

A world free from death and suffering caused by fungal disease

